

Presentation at the Second Plenary Meeting
of the Advisory Committee on Acoustic
Impacts on Marine Mammals

28-30 April 2004

Arlington, Virginia

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author(s) and does not reflect the view of the
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Mammals.*

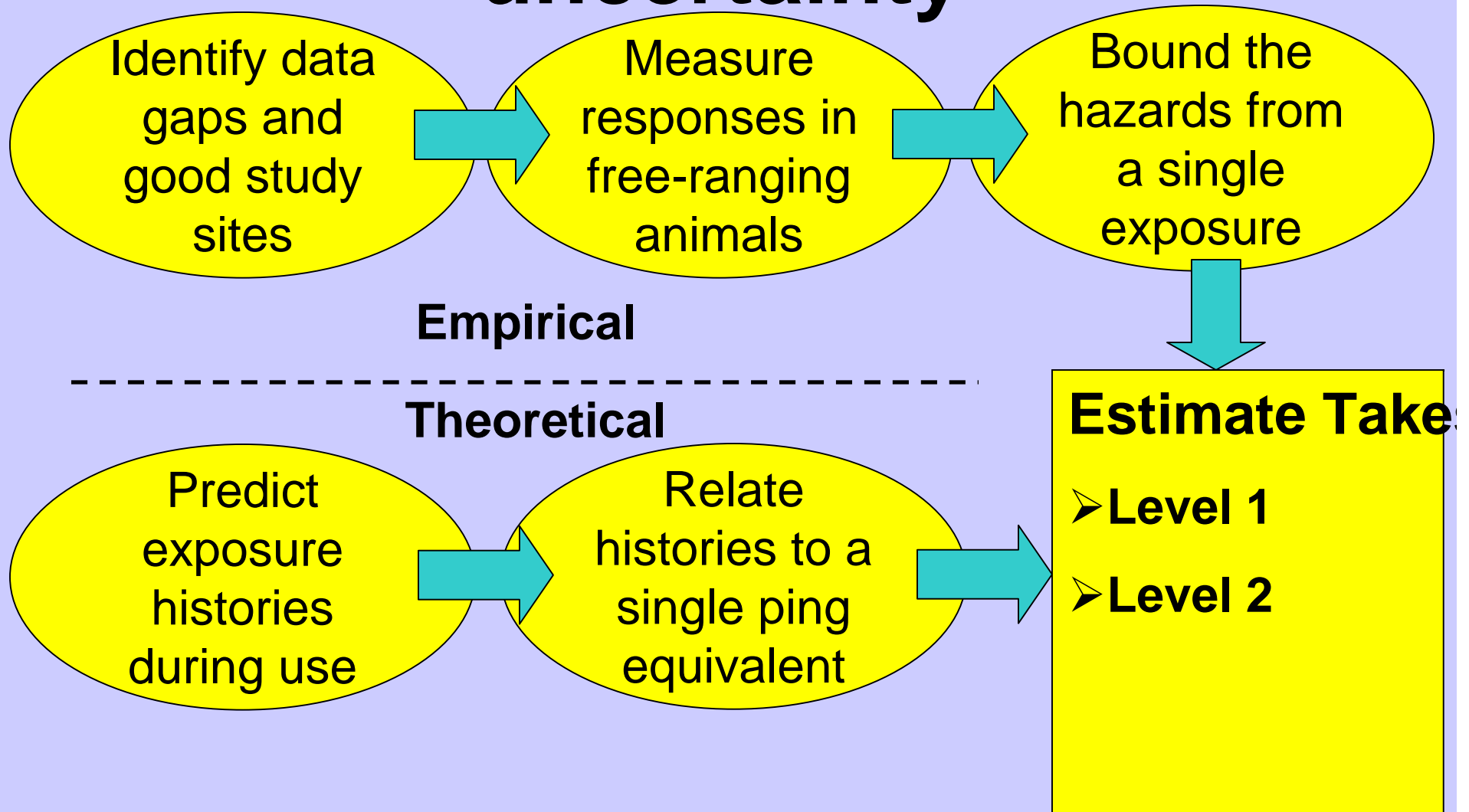
Transparent Reasoning About Unmeasured Risks: The USN LFA Sonar EIS

Kurt Fristrup, Ph. D.

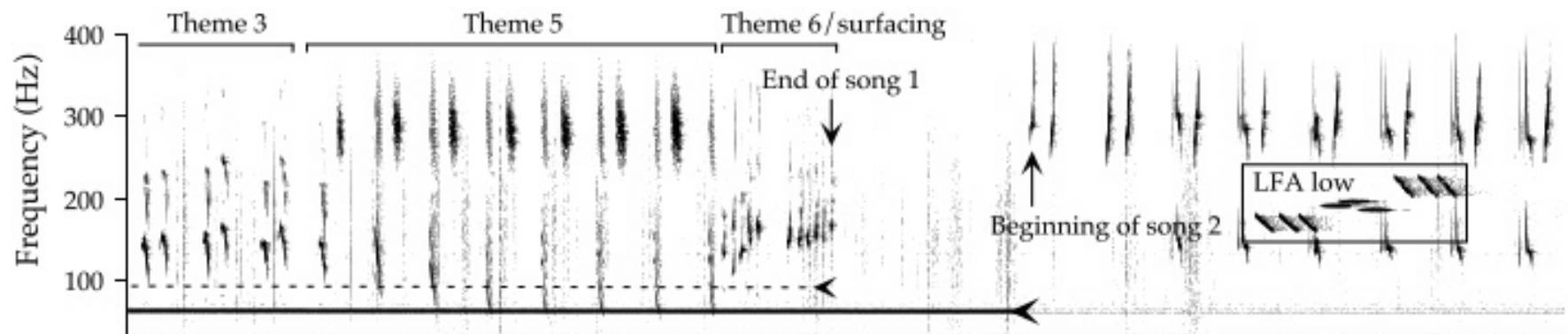
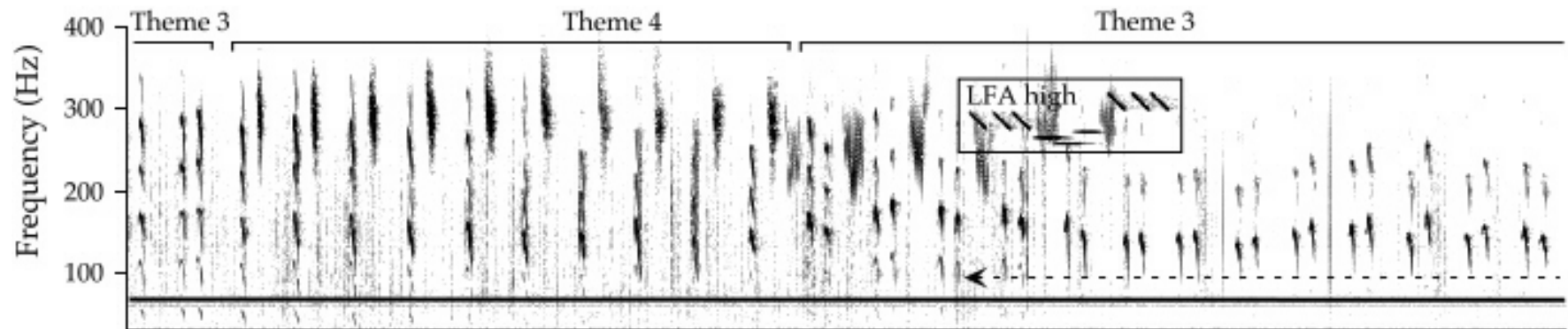
Bioacoustics Research Program

Cornell Lab of Ornithology

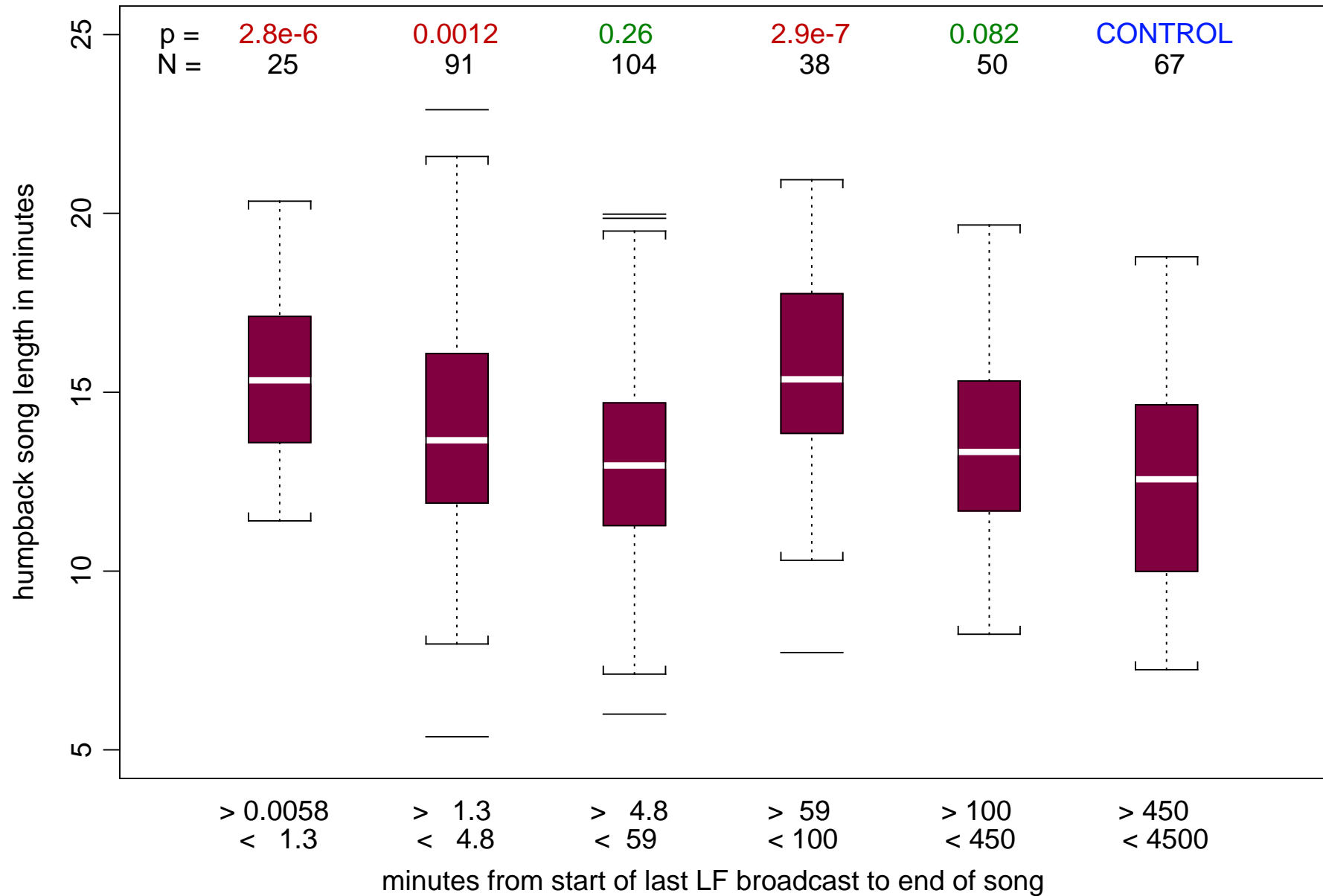
Parse the complex problem isolate sources of uncertainty



What kinds of responses were found?

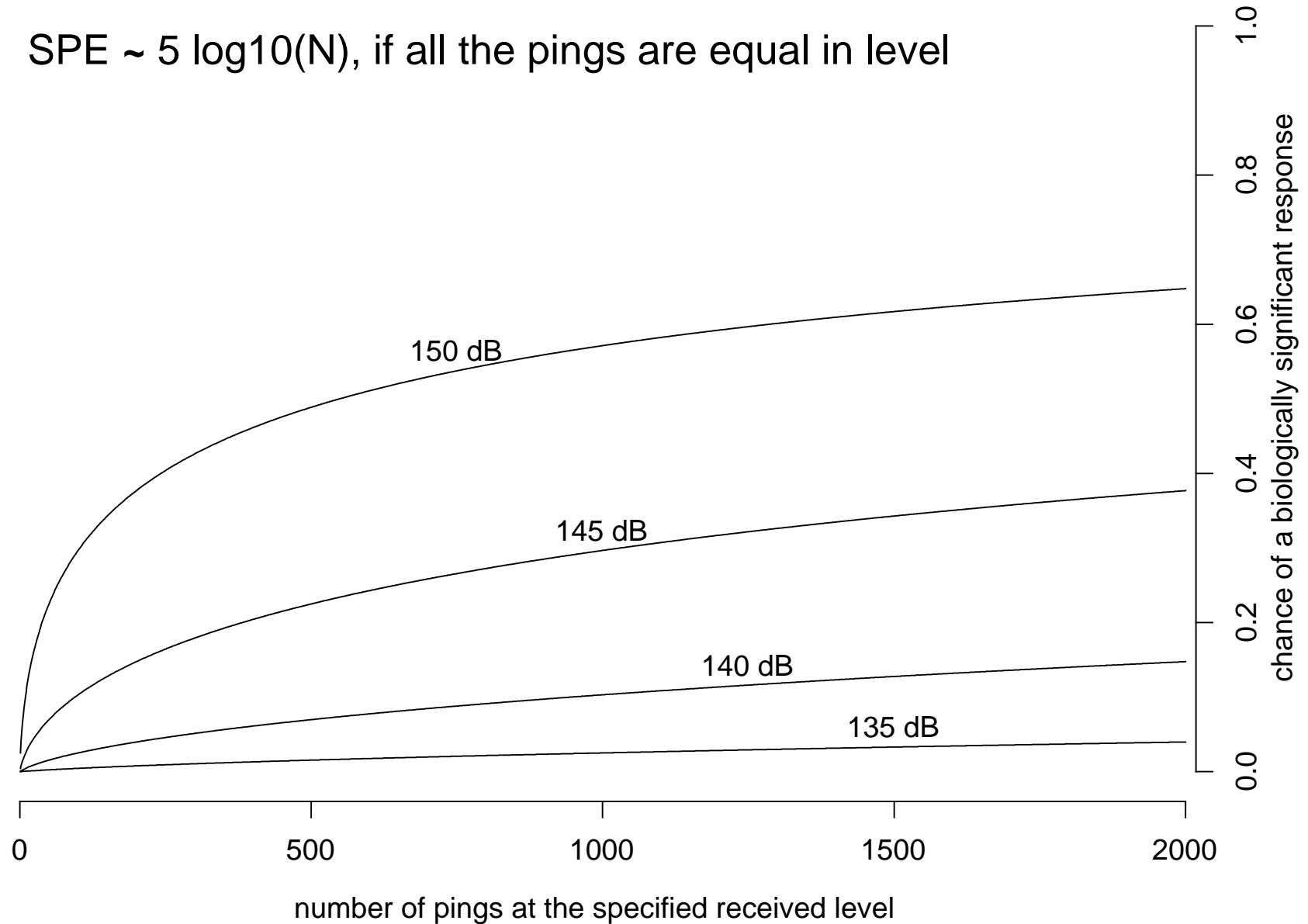


Changes in Song Length vs. Time since last Ping

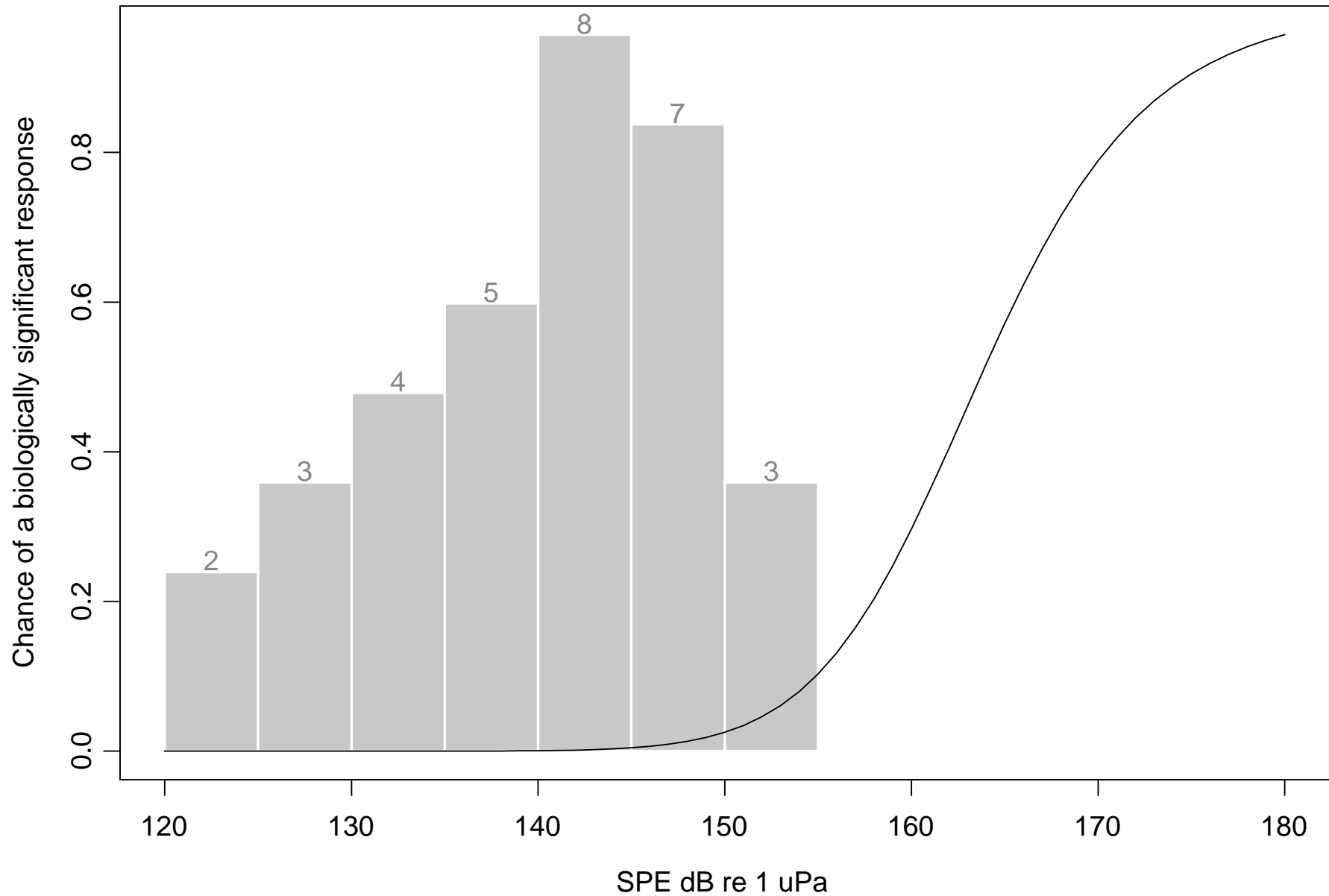


Cumulative effects: the single ping equivalent (SPE) model

$\text{SPE} \sim 5 \log_{10}(N)$, if all the pings are equal in level



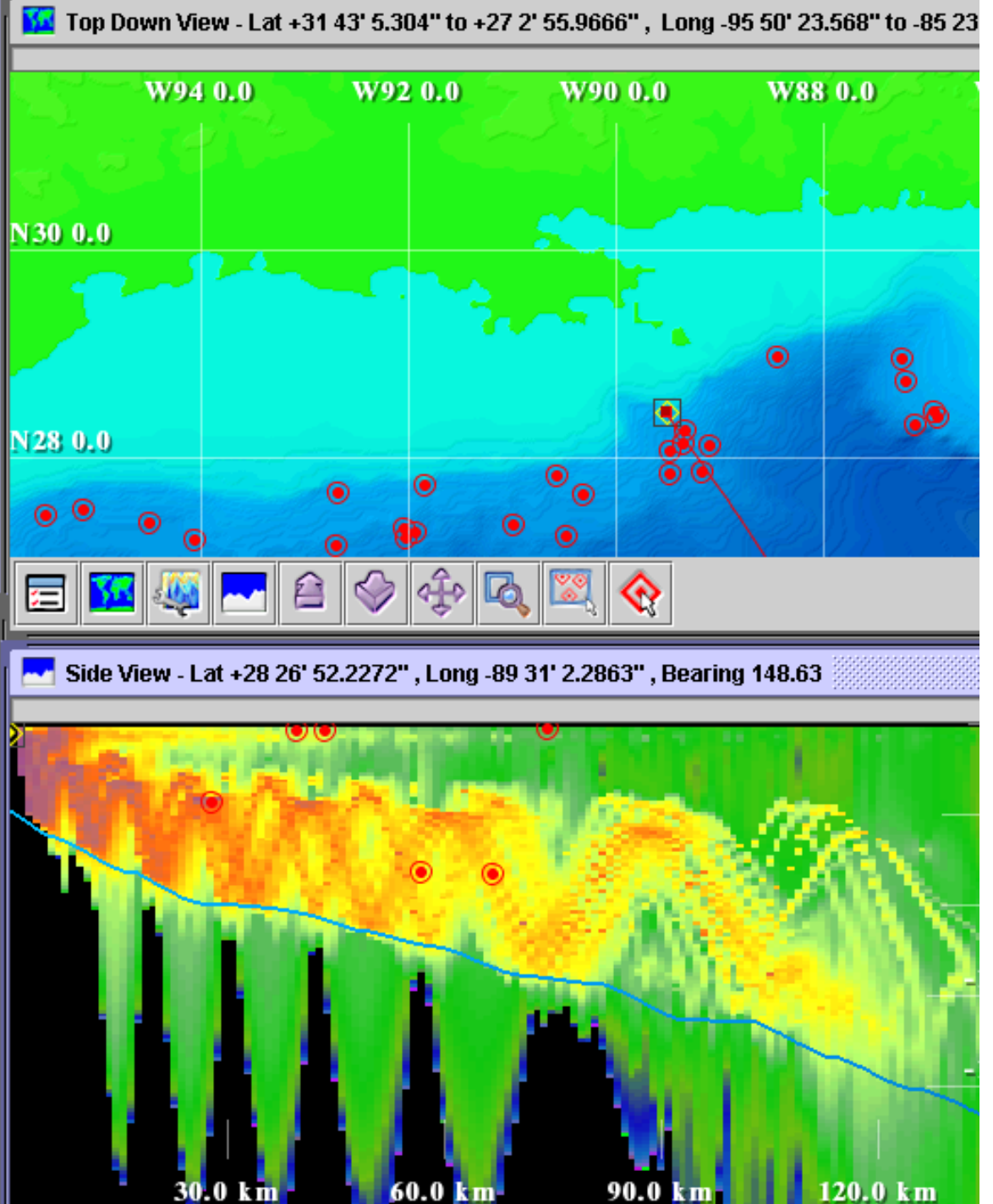
Risk function against all measured SPE exposures



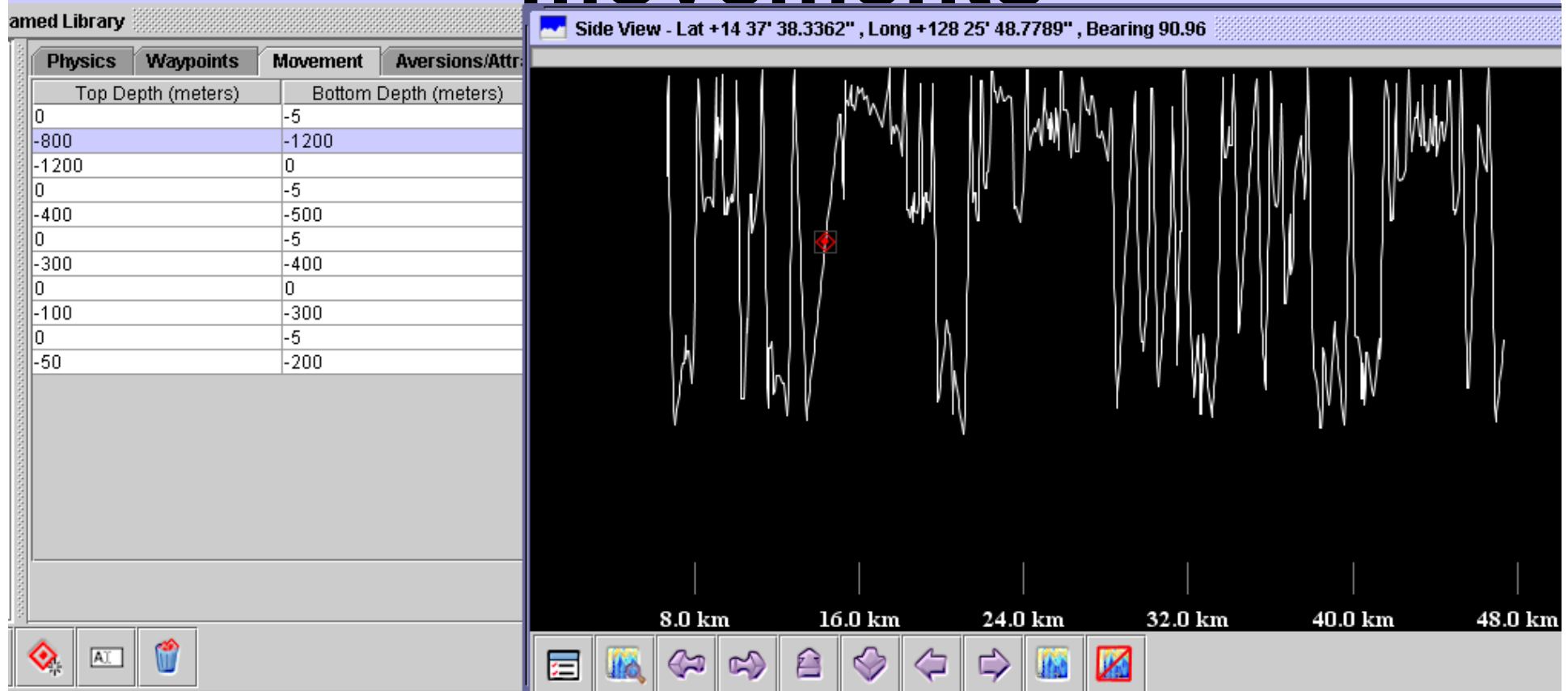
A.I.M.: combine detailed physical models

Library

Acoustic Target		Representation	
Acoustic Source		Sonar System	
Physics	Waypoints	Movement	Aversions/Attractions
Sound Emitter		True	
Sound Level		250.0	dB
Frequency		250.0	Hz
Duration		0.1	Seconds
Repeat Time (Zero is constant sound)		1.0	Minutes
Ray count		51.0	Beams
Top Ray Angle		-11.0	Degrees
Bottom Ray Angle		11.0	Degrees



with simulations of animal movements

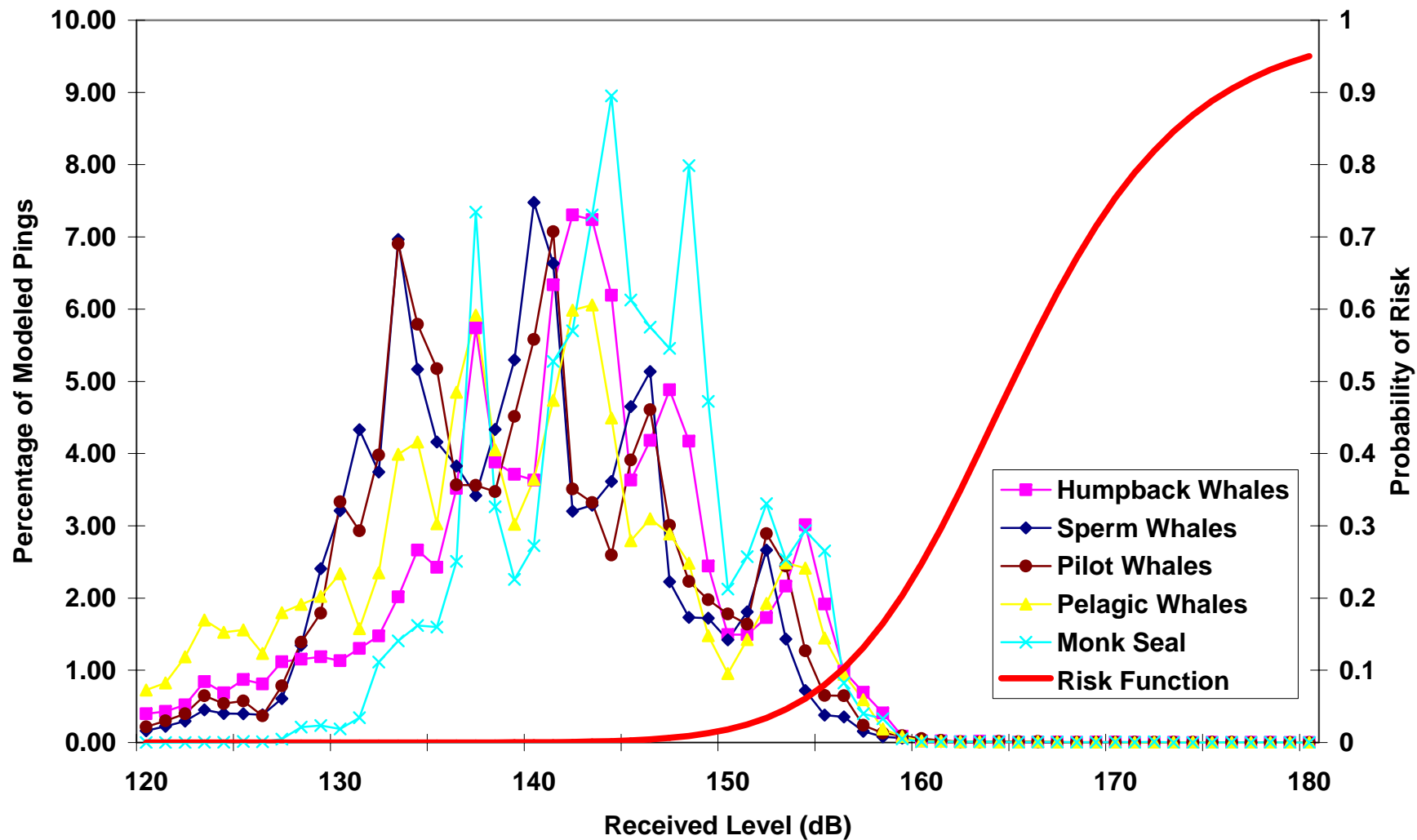


“Application of the Acoustic Integration Model (AIM) to predict and minimize environmental impacts”

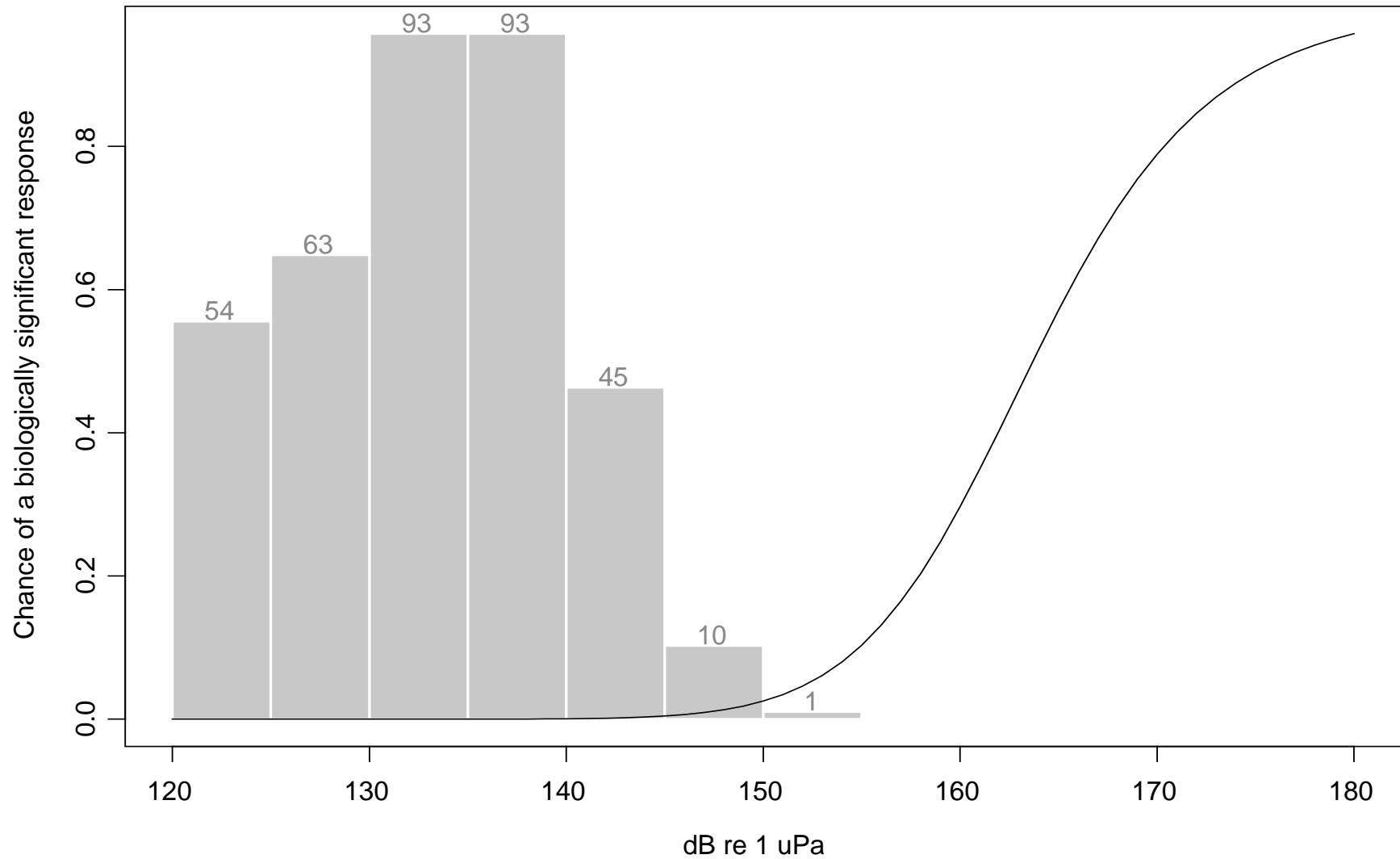
A. S. Frankel, W. T. Ellison, J. Buchanan, IEEE Oceans 2002

Acoustic Integration Models and Risk Continuum

All Species - Northwest of Kauai, HI (Site 12)



Risk function against all measured ping received levels



A simple threshold for potential injury was used

- The SRP data could not be related to a dose-response model for injury
- ***A priori*** knowledge indicated that injurious effects would be limited to very few individuals
- ***A.I.M.*** modeling of many sites did not raise the need for dose-response

688 pages in 56 words (table 4.2-10)

31 sites, 200 species-site combinations were modeled. ***In the absence of mitigation:***

- more than 5% of a stock would be harassed at 22 species-sites,
- more than 1/1000th of a stock would experience a level exceeding 180 dB at 55 species-sites,
- high latitude and confined sites posed the highest impacts.

Fostering objective assessment

- **Explicit models that expose their assumptions should promote productive discussion**
- **Uncertainty can be addressed by examining the sensitivity of modeled results to variation in the control parameters**
- **All opinions are biased. Utilize a peer-reviewed process wherever possible. For the EIS, 27 researchers participated as critical reviewers (authors of more than 580 journal articles).**